Calcoin News

OFFICIAL MAGAZINE OF THE

California State Numismatic Association

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Volume 11, Number 5

SEPTEMBER 1957

Long Beach Fall Convention

By CHARLES M. JOHNSON

Pictured below is the beautiful Lafayette Hotel, headquarters for the 21st CSNA convention, Nov. 7, 8, 9 and 10. Constantly used by many organizations for conventions and rendezvous for world beauties competing in the Miss Universe contest, this popular hotel long will be remembered for its atmosphere of friendliness and service; its refreshing ocean breeze and central location in Long Beach, the city by the sea; and in an area marked by the world-famous recreational Disneyland, Marineland and Knott's Berry Farm and Ghost Town.

Guests may swim in the hotel's aquatic pool or the ocean, stroll along the five-mile beach, visit the West's largest amusement park or shop in downtown Long Beach. Excellent meals may be obtained in the dining room or at nearby specialty restaurants. The hotel has 300 guest rooms and lanais, but CSNA members should remember that nearly all convention hotels turn away guests seeking last-minute reservations. To avoid inconvenience, therefore, reservations should be made early on a form to be mailed to all CSNA members or by writing the Lafayette Hotel, Broadway and Linden, Long Beach 2, Calif.

The hotel's Red Velvet Room is reserved for auction sessions, forum, club officers' breakfast and other meetings. Exhibit and bourse will occupy the large Supper Room. Since 200 display cases and plenty of space are available, exhibits will be featured, and many numismatic treasures displayed. Since 1956, the top award for the best-in-show exhibit is a bronze plaquette. Other awards also are made for outstanding exhibits in different classes.

Exhibitors should remember that the point system of judging will be used in making awards, and considerable weight is given to the amount of numismatic information available

from the exhibit. On this score, Dr. N. A. Bowers, former awards chairman and CSNA president, gave a word of advice in the May 1952 **Calcoin News**, as follows:

"The relative merit of coin displays at CSNA conventions is judged by the amount of numismatic information of general interest that can be obtained by examining what is displayed. This principle is applied in two ways, namely, consideration is given (1) to originality and effectiveness in arranging the material or use of attention-holding devices, such as explanatory notes, labels, maps, artistic mountings, color pictures, etc.; and (2) to the range, scope or variety of coverage in what is featured, especially care in showing significance or relationship of the various items."

Full information regarding different classes of exhibits, reservation of display cases and other arrangements for displays will be mailed to each CSNA member at a later date or may be obtained by writing Roy Hill, 1140 Sutter St., San Francisco 9, Calif.

Bourse reservations have been coming in steadily, with 42 spaces already reserved. The bourse fee is $20 and dealers may arrange for space by writing Maurice Jensen, 228 St. Joseph Ave., Long Beach 3, Calif.

Leo Young will conduct a three-session auction of about 2700 lots, featuring a Pan-Pacific set in copper frame, $4 Stella, complete proof and uncirculated 50-cent pieces, currency, proofs, gold and other items. Catalog of this auction may be obtained from Leo Young, 3244 Grand Ave., Oakland, Calif.

John Yribarne, general chairman, announces selection of the following committee heads: Sol Alexander and Charles Johnson, co-chairmen; E. L. Sims, finance; Winn Osborne (chair-

(Continued on Page 128)

CONVENTION PROGRAM

THURSDAY, NOV. 7

8:00 a.m. Convention committee meeting.
10:00 a.m. Official opening of 21st CSNA convention.
Registration, Cavalier foyer.
Placement of exhibits and bourse, Supper Room.
1:30 p.m. Optional trip to world-famous Disneyland.
6:00 p.m. Optional dinner, Knott's Berry Farm and Ghost Town.

FRIDAY, NOV. 8

9:00 a.m. Optional trip to Marineland.
Registration continues, Cavalier foyer.
1:30 p.m. First auction session, Red Velvet Room.
Leo Young
7:00 p.m. Numismatic Forum, Red Velvet Room.
Sol Alexander, chairman
8:15 p.m. Second auction session, Red Velvet Room.
Leo Young
Special ladies' events as scheduled, see bulletin board.
Ida Mae Griffin, chairman

SATURDAY, NOV. 9

8:00 a.m. Breakfast meeting, Coin Club officers, Red Velvet Room.
Dr. Charles L. Ruby, chairman
9:00 a.m. Registration continues, Cavalier foyer.
10:30 a.m. Business meeting, all CSNA members, Red Velvet Room.
1:30 p.m. Third auction session.
Leo Young
7:00 p.m. Banquet, presentation of awards, entertainment, Cavalier Room.
Special ladies' events as scheduled, see bulletin board.
Ida Mae Griffin, chairman

SUNDAY, NOV. 10

9:00 a.m. Registration continues, Cavalier foyer.
12:00 a.m. Luncheon, Post Mortem, Red Velvet Room.
2:00 p.m. Convention officially ends.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY — 1, ½, ¼ and ⅛ Made Beaver tokens. (N.B. was mistake for M.B.). Sizes enlarged slightly. Photography by Dr. C. G. Curtis, Brea. Designed by G. S. McTavish, 1854.

Canadian Coins

By PAUL H. HAMM, San Diego

The story of Canadian money parallels that of our own money in a great many ways, and yet it is distinctly different and in at least one instance, unique. That is in the use of playing cards for money.

As you probably know, the first settlers of Canada were French. Canada was a French possession until the fall of Quebec to England in 1759.

The growth of French colonization which began about the middle of the 17th century was accompanied by continual difficulty in finding sufficient currency for the needs of the settlers. The French government was having financial difficulties of its own and paid little attention to the needs of its colonies. As a result, we find the same hodge-podge of Portuguese, Spanish, Mexican, English and French money in circulation as was found here in our own country in early colonial days.

Wampum was used in trade with the Indians, and as it did here, soon took on a value among the people as a medium of exchange. The wampum was the same as that used in the English-American colonies, consisting of small cylinders or tubes about ¾ inch long, made from sea shells. It was of two colors, blue and white. The blue was made from sea shells brought up from the Gulf of Mexico. The value was one sou or half penny for the white and two sous or penny for the blue.

Before long, cheap imitations imported from Europe decreased the value until wampum ceased to be legal tender by 1670. This, you might say, was the first form of counterfeiting in the Americas. However, wampum still circulated among the colonists in both Canada and the United States until about 1704, and among the Indians until 1825.

Other common articles such as arrowheads served as money in the early days of North America, and, of course, the use of furs for this purpose is well known.

The first and most unusual form of money to be issued in Canada was the famous playing card money, which has no counterpart anywhere

else in the world. This was first issued in 1685 by French colonial authorities and originally was considered only a seasonal stop-gap to enable the colonial establishment to get necessary supplies until a shipment of funds arrived from France.

It was made by cutting playing cards into quarters and affixing the seal of the treasurer in wax and the autograph of the governor and attendant.

Although card money began as a short-term financial device, it was not long before cards began to circulate as a medium of common exchange and later issues were provided with this specific aim in mind. It remained an important part of the French-Canadian currency until the fall of Quebec in 1759.

This is another case of John Q. Public taking it on the chin, as there was some 14 million livres in circulation when Quebec fell to the English and the French government repudiated its obligations represented by card money. Eventually the people got about 25 cents on the dollar after long years of negotiation between the English and French governments.

We find varied conditions in each of the provinces, as they were all separate colonies with their own governments and laws, the same as our own early colonies. Thus, the money situation varied in each. What was used as legal tender in one might be of no value in another, and each province has a story of its own.

I will jump to the beginning of the 19th century, as that is about the time the money of Canada started to take some semblance of uniformity. Canada's modern currency now has the greatest exchange value of any money in the world. The Canadian dollar is worth $1.04 in American money.

At the beginning of the 19th century, the Spanish milled dollar was the accepted coin of the realm, just as it was in the States.

The English took little better care of their colonies than did the French in the matter of currency. Hence, the only coin the people of Canada could feel sure of was the Spanish piece of eight, which was accepted as legal tender almost any place in the world at that time.

However, these Spanish dollars didn't carry the same value in each of the colonies. In Halifax, for instance, the value was so much greater than in Prince Edward Island that whenever the merchants of P.E.I. received them they sent them to Halifax to take advantage of the greater rate. The governor of P.E.I. was prompted to gather in all the Spanish dollars he could and have their centers cut out. The punched out centers were passed as shillings and the outer rim as $5. These mutilated coins were not accepted in the other colonies, hence stayed in circulation in P.E.I.

This would have worked out fine except that one enterprising merchant found that the punched out centers contained $2 worth of silver. They soon became quite scarce, as they were hoarded and sold in other places for their silver content.

As early as 1792 the first effort to introduce banking in British North America was done, but it was not until 1822 that the first provincial chartered bank was established in Montreal. It is interesting to note that its first issue of currency was in Spanish dollar denomination.

Many attempts to issue paper money had been made prior to this, usually by independent merchants in the form of "bons" which were good for face value in merchandise.

There were any number of unscrupulous issues, only one of which I will mention. This was the phantom bank note of the early 1800s.

All that was necessary to found one of these banks was to select a name and then find a printer who was looking for a job. These notes were passed mostly in the United States, as it was easier to find an unsuspecting victim by crossing the border. Consequently, these bills as collectors items have been found in the United States.

The confusion of currency and coinage created a counterfeiters' paradise during this period.

The first coins minted in Canada were copper tokens, of which there are some 250 varieties. These were made and issued by trading posts, merchants, banks, and in some cases, the provinces themselves. Most of them saw wide circulation and were accepted readily.

The first tokens were issued under the French regime. There are some 16 varieties, two of which are made

of silver. These are dated from 1670 to 1755. They are all quite rare, carrying eatalog values of from $5 to $300.

Another interesting group of tokens are those now ealled the "bouquet" series beeause of the bouquet of flowers inseribed on one side. There are 36 varieties of these tokens and all are undated. All bear the words "Montreal" and "Bas Canada" or "Lower Canada". The inseription is partly in Freneh and partly in English.

The bank token of Ontario which bears the inseription "Bank of Upper Canada" probably is the most eommon token to be found today, followed elosely by the one issued by Lower Canada, or as it is known today, "Quebee".

Another token, quite well known, was issued by the Hudson's Bay Co., in the Northwest Territories. This is ealled the "One Made Beaver". These also were issued in half, quarter and eighth denominations, which enabled those wishing to buy only a part beaver skin worth of beans to do so and receive ehange.

Tokens also were issued in New Brunswiek, Nova Seotia, British Columbia and Newfoundland.

Here again, we find people who were interested in the "do-it-yourself" eraze, and eonsequently we find some tokens with shady baekgrounds.

There is an aeeount of a blacksmith of dissipated habits who lived in Montreal. He prepared a die for himself, and when he wished to have a good time, he struek $2 or $3 worth of eoppers, thereby supplying himself with the funds to do so.

These tokens are eomparable to our own "Hard Times" tokens of 1832-1844, eivil war tokens of the 1860s or our early eolonial tokens. They were used for a mueh longer time, however, and were the only eoins of Canada to be used in earrying out trade other than the foreign eoins that had found their way into the eountry through eommeree with other nations.

In 1841 the eolonies of Upper and Lower Canada, now known as Ontario and Quebee, united to form the Provinee of Canada and in 1858 the first eoins of Canada were minted and put into eireulation. These were struek at the Tower Mint in London, as were all Canadian eoins from 1858 to 1908 except for those struek at the Heaton Mint. A eent was made of eopper and 5-, 10- and 25-eent pieees in silver. The obverse bears the image of Queen Vietoria and the reverse, the inseription, "Provinee of Canada", and the date. The only years eoins were minted for the Provinee of Canada were 1858 and 1859.

New Brunswiek and Nova Seotia united with the Provinee of Canada in 1867 to form the Dominion of Canada. Coins for the new dominion were struek in 1870 for the first time and have been struek and issued eontinuously since. British Columbia and

TOKEN OF QUEBEC, GAGNON, ST. ROCH — SIZE ENLARGED. PHOTO BY DR. C. G. CURTIS.

Prince Edward Island entered the confederation in 1871 and 1873. Newfoundland continued as a separate entity until 1949 with its own government and coinage. It is now, of course, a part of the Dominion of Canada.

The 50-cent piece was added in 1870 and the 25-cent piece replaced the 20-cent denomination. All coins struck by the Tower Mint bear no mint mark. Those struck by the Heaton Mint in Birmingham, England, bear the mint mark "H".

In 1908, a mint was established at Ottawa. It has issued all coins of Canada to the present. They bear no mint marks.

Canada first issued a large size cent, and it was not until 1920 that the size was reduced.

The 5-cent silver piece was used until 1921. Since then, the copper-nickel has been minted in the same size as our own nickel. The most varieties are found in this coin, which I think is Canada's most beautiful piece.

No silver dollars were minted until 1935, but they have been issued every year since, with the exception of the years 1940 to 1944. There are only 21 varieties of the Canadian dollar.

All Canadian coins bear the likeness of the king or queen of the British Empire on obverse. The reverse carries a design indigenous to Canada, such as maple leaf, beaver, canoe or caribou, together with the date, denomination and the words, "Dominion of Canada".

As a new king or queen comes into power the coins, of course, are changed to bear his portrait. Queen Victoria, Edward VII, George V, George VI, and Queen Elizabeth II, in that order, are found on the coins.

Canadian coins are interesting to the American coin collector as the coinage is of exactly the same denominations as ours, cent to dollar, and each coin is approximately the same size as ours. The exchange value fluctuates, but is consistently very nearly the same as ours.

Here, too, we find a much smaller issue than ours, which makes for rarity, and yet the coins of Canada are still reasonable in price. Very rarely do we find an issue of as much as a million for any year, with the exception of the minor coins of the last 10 years, and it is quite usual to find an issue of fewer than 500,000. As examples, only 200,000 each of the 1884 5-cent piece and of the 1925 nickel were coined. The 50-cent piece of 1871, only 45,000 and of 1932, 19,000. This coin can be bought uncirculated for about $30. Compare that with coins of the U.S. with much greater numbers coined, yet selling for far greater prices.

There are, of course, rare Canadian coins. Some of these are the "dot" cent and dime of 1936, of which there are only six known; 1921 5-cent silver; 1889 10-cent piece; 1921 half dollar and 1947 Maple Leaf half dollar.

In 1937 the new dies were being made, showing the new monarch, George VI. They were not yet ready for use when such a shortage of small change was felt that several thousand cents, dimes and quarters were made using the 1936 dies. To distinguish this as an emergency issue, a hole was punched in the die, resulting in a raised dot on the coin. This distinguishes it from those issued in 1936. Evidently this punched-out hole on the die for the cent and dime soon filled up. Although all were put into circulation, very few cents and dimes have been found. The dot quarter, however, is quite common.

Interest in Canadian numismatics has increased greatly in the last few years, especially since the forming of the Canadian Numismatic Association in 1950. This organization, comparable to our ANA, is doing a lot toward creating interest in coin collecting throughout Canada.

The general opinion of both Canadian and American collectors is that the Canadian coins are greatly underpriced. It is very likely that prices will rise in the next few years.

—CSNA—

FRASER-WALLACE PRICES

The Fraser-Wallace sale of June 8, catalogued and auctioned by Abner Kreisberg, Beverly Hills, established many new high records, some of which follow: 1864 bronze proof cent, $105; 1871 proof cent, $130; 1909 VDB Lincoln cent, mat proof, $51; 1865 3-cent nickel, $88; 1877 proof nickel, $205; 1912S nickel, unc., $82; 1913, type 1, mat proof nickel, $26; 1864 proof half dime, $81; 1895 proof dime, $132.50; 1915 proof dime, $180; and 1915 proof half dollar, $380.

BRONZE LEPTON — Pontius Pilate, procurator under Tiberius, A.D. 26-36. On obverse, augur's wand; on reverse, date, year 14. It was Pilate who delivered Jesus to be crucified. Photography by Dr. C. Glenn Curtis, Brea. All coins illustrated have been enlarged.

Coins of Christianity

By KURT E. LORET, San Francisco

The history of a people is written on its money, each coin forming a link in a chain of metal disks recording the customs, character, and frequently the dress and personal adornments of nations; or commemorating great persons.

In Judea, the Herodian rulers, as well as the Roman proeurators, struck coins. These humble pieces of eopper are monuments to the aceuraey and harmony of the gospels. Many of the pieces can be dated, and it is interesting to observe that the Jews, in deference to the Second Commandment, did not place the images of individuals on their eoinage.

A denarius of Rome shows the head of Caesar Augustus, ruler at the time of Jesus' birth. Such a coin may have been carried by Joseph when he took Mary into Bethlehem to pay his tax, sinee the denarius was commonly used by the Judeans to pay their head tax to Rome.

A lepton commemorates Herod, who was king of Judea on the first Christmas. A puppet ruler under Rome, Herod is known to every child who attends Sunday school as the king who instructed the Wise Men to inform him of the whereabouts of the infant Jesus, so that he, too, might join in honoring a child whose birth had caused a new star to appear — even as he planned a wholesale slaughter of the children of Judea.

Another piece is the drachma, a small silver eoin which weighs 1/8 of an ounee. You may reeall the parable of the "lost coin". "Either what woman having ten pieees of silver, if she lose one piece, doth not light a candle, and sweep the house, and seek diligently till she find it?" The woman, it is explained, searches beeause the coin means more to her than mere money. Aceording to an ancient eustom in the orient, the husband presented his bride with a headpieee hung with ten such pieees, an ornament with mueh the same meaning as is given to the wedding ring today. A wife found guilty of infidelity submitted to the removal of one of the eoins by the judges before whom she was tried.

A mite, struck at the order of Pontius Pilate, had a value equal to about 1/5 of a cent. It was two mites given up by a widow whieh eaused

MEDALLION OF CAESAR AUGUSTUS, ABOUT 27 B.C.

SHEKEL OF ISRAEL, FIRST REVOLT

BRONZE OF CONSTANTINE THE GREAT, 306-337 A.D.

WIDOW'S MITE

Jesus to commend her above the rich men with their impressive gifts.

Of equal interest is a bronze coin of Constantine, which marks the beginning of the age of tolerance of Christianity. Persecution of Christians was commonplace when he came to power in 306 A.D. The story is told that he beheld a flaming cross in the heavens above the inscription, "In Hoc Signo Vinces" (Under this sign ye shall conquer.) Later, the legend continues, Christ appeared and bade him accept the fiery cross as his standard.

—————CSNA—————

TERRILL - KAPPEN

Miss Patricia Ann Kappen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles V. Kappen of San Jose, was married Aug. 18 to Edward Earl Terrill, son of Mrs. Gertrude R. Terrill of Eureka Springs, Ark. The double ring ceremony was held in the First Methodist Church, Eureka Springs, the Rev. Frank Jones, Methodist pastor, officiating. The bride was given in marriage by her father.

Mrs. Terrill is a graduate of Abraham Lincoln High School, San Jose, and attended San Jose State College, where she majored in advertising. She is a member of Chi Omega sorority and of Gamma Alpha Chi, advertising fraternity.

—————CSNA—————

MEETING DATE CHANGE

The Vallejo Numismatic Society is changing its regular meeting **from** the last **Friday, to** the **FIRST WEDNESDAY** of the month.

HISTORIAN'S COLUMN

I should like to express my thanks to those who helped to make the Vallejo convention the success that it was.

To the members who helped put up the lighting and set up the tables.

To Gilbert D. Eaton of Oakland for his help in making extra cases.

To Walter G. Gerth, assistant historian for the Vallejo convention. Gerth did an excellent job on the Scrapbook.

Each convention will have its own scrapbook, with the general chairman appointing an assistant historian. Louis E. Zumwalt, 4272 Pixie Ave., Lakewood 11, Calif., has been appointed assistant historian for the Long Beach convention by John Yribarne, general chairman.

Any publicity having to do with the convention and any pictures taken of the convention in Long Beach would be appreciated by Zumwalt or me. Editor Charles Kappen also would appreciate convention pictures for use in **Calcoin News.**

The newspaper and its date of issue should be included with clippings. Names of persons, left to right, should accompany photos.

It is impossible for the historian, living in Northern California, to know what convention news appears in Southern California newspapers. Walter Gerth even received an article from a newspaper in Idaho relating to the Vallejo convention.

The individual "Book of Convention Publicity" is Charles V. Kappen's idea, as he used it first for the 18th convention in San Jose.

If possible, I will bring the Scrapbook, pictures that I have, and the book, "Presidents and Their Officers", to Long Beach. The latter contains letters (delayed) pertaining to each president's term.

I am now working on a "Book of Awards", to include pictures of the presentations, if possible, and explanations of the presentations. It should make a nice display and will be a permanent CSNA record for members to see for years to come.

ERICH WERLING.

State News Briefs

LONG BEACH HOBBY SHOW

The Long Beach Coin Club and the Douglas Numismatic Society exhibited a large display of coins at the annual May Hobby Show in the Long Beach Municipal Auditorium.

The show ran for four days and attracted in excess of 57,000 visitors. The 20-case coin display received constant attention. Hosts on duty were kept busy answering questions concerning the value and rarity of coins and the hobby of coin collecting.

Prizes were awarded by the Long Beach Coin Club for outstanding exhibits, as follows: John Haldiman, first prize and president's award, for an attractive display of odd and curious coins; Charles M. Johnson, second prize for U.S. coins and Verna Alexander, third prize for Biblical coins.

BRAINARD MAKES DISPLAY

Karl M. Brainard has displayed part of his personal collection of coins in the lobby of Fidelity Bank of Los Angeles on Venice Blvd. in the Mar Vista district of Los Angeles. Coins are being displayed for three weeks, followed by a three-week currency display, then a display of odd and curious coins.

[Editor's Note: Other collectors might follow Karl Brainard's example and individually or collectively arrange such displays in their localities.]

EXHIBIT ENTRIES

Please note on exhibit reservation form the address to which entries should be mailed. The exhibits chairman will be traveling on vacation and will not be at his 1140 Sutter St. address in San Francisco after Oct. 18.

Get your entries in early, as the Long Beach Coin Club expects more exhibits than ever before. Late entries may be "too late". Space may have to be limited, but it is hoped that a new record number of exhibitors can be accommodated. See you in Long Beach Nov. 7-10.

—Roy Hill.

EAST BAY 'COINIVAL'

Sunday, October 13, 10 a.m. to 7 p.m., will be another big day for coin collectors in Northern California as East Bay Coin Club stages its annual "Coinival" at the Oakland Boys' Club, 920 24th St., at Market. All-day festivities will include exhibits, bourse, auction, refreshments and the results of the EBCC's numismatic article contest.

TO HOLD 500th MEETING

The Pacific Coast Numismatic Society is preparing a very special program for the occasion of its **500th** meeting which will fall on the October meeting night. All friends and members are invited to attend and participate.

SAN JOSE CLUB AT FAIR

The tenth exhibit of coins by the San Jose Coin Club will be made at the Santa Clara County Fair in San Jose, starting Monday evening, Sept. 9, and closing Sunday, Sept. 15.

The exhibit will be located on the east side of the grounds, near the replica of the first state capitol building.

WHITEHEAD ANA CHAIRMAN

Earl Whitehead, Los Angeles attorney and 1956 president of the Los Angeles Coin Club, has been named general chairman for the 1958 ANA convention in Los Angeles. Whitehead will be remembered as president and general chairman for the 1957 convention of the NASC. He also is a member of the CSNA.

G. P. HATCH BIRTHDAY

Grant P. Hatch, 447 16th Ave., San Francisco, celebrated his 92nd birthday July 7 with a dinner at the Montclair Restaurant in his home city. Hatch is a member of the Pacific Coast Numismatic Society and of the California State Numismatic Association.

CSNA

"Not worth a rap" originally referred to a bogus half penny known as a "rap", circulated in Ireland in the 18th century.

MORE ON

Long Beach Convention

(Continued from Page 119)

man), E. L. Sims, John Haldiman, Charles Boothe and Grace Brainard, registration; Maurice Jensen (chairman) and Earl Morrison, bourse; Leo Young, auction; Roy Hill (chairman)

JOHN C. YRIBARNE
. . . General Chairman

and W. R. Davis, exhibits; Charles Johnson (chairman) and Roy Hill, publicity; Howard Stolper, special lighting; Ida Mae Griffin, ladies' entertainment; Sol Alexander, forum; Charles Ruby, club officers' breakfast; William Henkel, security; Ben Williams, sergeant-at-arms and Long Beach Coin Club, hospitality.

Harry S. Davidson, CSNA president, has named George Bennett awards chairman. Louis E. Zumwalt will be assistant historian for the Long Beach convention.

CSNA

NASC AUCTION

Abner Kreisberg, professional numismatist of 228 N. Beverly Dr., Beverly Hills, has been awarded the Numismatic Association of Southern California's winter auction sale, Feb. 28-March 1 in the Statler Hotel, Los Angeles. Kreisberg is now accepting consignments for the sale.

MONEY

A sack of 1000 silver dollars just delivered to a San Francisco bank has been in the vault of the subtreasury since the day the coins were minted, Oct. 21, 1891. The bank figures that if the money had been drawing interest from the date it was coined, the sack would now be worth $3000 instead of $1000.

* * *

A man can sell his soul and happiness for money — but he can't buy either with the same medium of exchange. He can sell his patriotism, his love of country for cash, but nothing he possesses will purchase either of these. He can barter away his peace of mind, his contentment for silver, and it is a comforting fact that he can insure those same things if he makes proper use of his wealth.

* * *

Nothing can make people more unhappy than money, if all they do is count it. Nothing can make people happier than money — if they know how to use it.

—Mehl's Numismatic Monthly
June-July, 1919

CALCOIN NEWS

Official Publication of the
California State Numismatic Association

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Who's Who In California Numismatics

Donald L. Rhodes

By R. G. McARTHUR

Was it the best ever? That, of course, is debatable, but the fact remains that the convention recently held in Vallejo was "one of the two great conventions" held by this association. The general chairman of that meeting and the man largely responsible for its success is the subject of this article.

Donald Louis Rhodes, son of Roy and Ruth Rhodes, was born May 30, 1926, in Burlington, Iowa. While Don was in public school, the family migrated to Vallejo, Calif., where they presently reside. After completing grammar school in Vallejo, Don was graduated from Vallejo High School and Vallejo Junior College.

Following service in the United States Navy, 1944-1945, Rhodes was a member of the Mare Island Police Department for five years.

Because of ill health, Don was forced to seek some light form of self-employment. After due consideration, he entered the numismatic field in 1953 as a full-time dealer. In this work, he has been very ably assisted by Mrs. Rhodes, the former Leonora Miller, to whom he was married Sept. 1, 1950.

While he has no children of his own, Don is quite fond of his stepson, James Miller, a student at the University of California.

In addition to the American Numismatic Association and the California State Numismatic Association, Rhodes is a member of numerous local coin clubs. He was founder and first president of the Vallejo Numismatic Society, a member of its executive board from 1954 to 1957, and editor of its **Official Bulletin** for the same period. He is, at present, a member of the board of governors and chairman of the auction committee of the Pacific Coast Numismatic Society of San Francisco; vice-president of the Petaluma Coin Collectors and an active member of the East Bay Coin Club, Oakland.

When not busy with coins, Don devotes his spare time to his quite extensive numismatic library. He also assists Leonora with her collections of match covers and souvenir spoons. He is a member of Vallejo American Legion Post No. 104.

Donald Rhodes has been active in CSNA affairs since 1954. He was chairman of the resolutions committee at the 1956 San Jose convention; club officers' breakfast chairman at the 1956 Santa Barbara convention; and, as mentioned earlier, general chairman of the Vallejo convention in April, 1957.

—CSNA—

CONVENTION PICTURES

Vallejo Numismatic Society says it is stuck with many copies of pictures of the last convention which it must sell or pay for. The Society appeals to numismatists to send for their copies to Don Rhodes, P.O. Box 1111, Vallejo, Calif. Cost is $2. "This is a wonderful souvenir of a wonderful convention," Rhodes says.

California Club News, Views and Whos

A DIGEST OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA CLUB REPORTS

By CHARLES M. JOHNSON

To the **SAN DIEGO NUMISMATIC SOCIETY** goes the distinction of being Southern California's most active club during June and July. On June 3 the regular meeting was devoted to members' other hobbies, with photography, rocks, dolls, models, first-day covers, rolled cents and hand-weaving displacing the usual numismatic items. **Leonel Panosh,** busy ANA president, returned from the Northwest Numismatic Association convention in Portland and reported on his visit and speaking engagement. On June 15 the society held its annual midsummer dinner at the Institute of Aeronautical Science with **Leonel Panosh, Dr. Calvert Emmons, Harry Davidson** and **John Yribarne** receiving speaking bids and many prominent numismatists attending. On June 28 to July 7 the society arranged and placed on display a large numismatic exhibit at the Southern California Exposition and Fair at Del Mar; and made awards to **Earl Starr** for his "best in show" display of wooden nickels and to 22 exhibitors for outstanding displays. On July 1 the society held its regular meeting with **Paul Hamm, Douglas Decker** and **Joe Givens** conducting a panel discussion of "Ways and Means of Starting a Coin Collection". On July 14 a family picnic was held in the Golden Hills area, Balboa Park. Along with these activities the society admitted 16 new members and found time to issue and distribute 6000 wooden nickels, a souvenir issue in three designs in honor of the Fiesta Del Pacifico. The sets will be sold for 25 cents and may be obtained from **Paul Hamm,** 1360 Superba Ave., San Diego 13, Calif.

LOS ANGELES COIN CLUB continues to chalk up new attendance records with a score of 218 members and guests at the June meeting. The July attendance is a deep secret because of the summer slump. This lusty giant club started working on the 1958 ANA convention and among the guests at the meeting were **Leonel Panosh, Lewis Regan** and **Jack Ogilvie,** president, secretary and historian, respectively, of the ANA, who spoke on behalf of the groundwork for the 1958 convention. **A. Kosoff** talked about territorial gold and **William Koonce** displayed a collection of Roman and Greek electrotypes. At the July meeting the evening was devoted to a discussion of current coin prices by a panel of dealers, with club members participating.

ORANGE COUNTY COIN CLUB set a new attendance record of 183 members and guests at the June meeting. **LOS ANGELES COIN CLUB** claims credit for the increased attendance, because it was exchange night, and the meeting was turned over to **Karl Brainard,** president of the L. A. club, to conduct the exchange program. The opening number was a dance by an attractive Japanese girl who was one of the performers in the stage play, "The King and I". Next, **Earl Whitehead,** former Los Angeles Coin Club president and general chairman of the 1958 Los Angeles ANA convention, spoke on "Legal Aspects of Coin Collecting". This talk was quite different from the usual numismatic talk and proved to be most interesting and instructive. Then the Japanese dancer returned for a series of dance numbers. Both clubs report the exchange programs very successful and ideal for breaking the usual club routine and bringing new interest to numismatics.

The **SAN FERNANDO VALLEY COIN CLUB** and the **EAST LOS ANGELES** meetings for June each featured a talk by **Charles Johnson** on "United States Paper Money". In the talk he sketched the development of U.S. paper money and described six classes of currency: 1. Colonial and Continental; 2. Broken Bank Notes; 3. Confederate Currency; 4. Postal and Fractional Currency; 5. Large Size Notes; and 6. Small Size Notes. Many specimens

from each class were displayed and used to illustrate the talk.

Professor Charles Ruby spoke at the May meeting of the **ORANGE COUNTY COIN CLUB** on "U.S. Rarities". He pointed out the confusion existing in the use of the term "rarity" and the difference between popular coins, coins much in demand and rarities. In June, Professor Ruby discussed coin grading at the **LONG BEACH COIN CLUB** and proposed a new number system of grading, using a scale from 1 to 100.

Harry S. Davidson, CSNA president, addressed the sixth meeting of the **COVINA COIN CLUB** July 9, his subject being "Gold Coins". Sixty-eight persons attended.

One new member joined, bringing club membership to 67.

It was announced that bourse tables will be $2 per evening beginning with the August meeting. This is the standard price charged by all other coin clubs in Southern California.

Officers are **Walter Menegatti,** president; **John Cansler,** vice-president; **Marie Menegatti,** secretary-treasurer; and **Everett Wood, Charles Fancher, Charles Colver** and **Ray Denson,** board members. Committee heads are, business, **Charles Denny** and **Bill Stone;** refreshments, **Charles Ahlquist** and **Fern Denny;** auction secretary, **Pat Bausch;** and auctioneer, **John Munnecke.**

SOUTHERN HUB COIN CLUB, organized in the Inglewood-Lennox area July 14, is the latest addition to Southern California's growing list of coin clubs. Fifty-three numismatists turned out for the initial meeting and selected **C. A. Dunbar** president.

Other officers are **Beuford G. Greenway,** vice-president; **Robert Wiener,** 3320 W. 71st St., Apt. 6, Los Angeles 88, Calif., secretary; **James A. Moyer,** treasurer; **William H. Spence** and **Paul Weiger,** board of governors.

Leonel Panosh, president of the ANA; **Harry Davidson,** president of CSNA; **W. R. Fanning,** president of NASC and **Karl Brainard,** president of Los Angeles Coin Club, were present to assist in the formation of the new club.

San Diego County now has four coin clubs with the formation of the new **RYAN AERONAUTICAL COIN CLUB,** sponsored by the Ryan Aeronautical Co. This club will meet on the second Thursday evening of each month at the Conference building in Balboa Park, Room 15. **Douglas Decker** is first president of the club. Non-voting membership is open to anyone who wishes to join.

A DIGEST OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA CLUB REPORTS

By JOHN E. OHLS

Sixty-six members and guests attended the July 12 meeting of the **EAST BAY COIN CLUB.** The program was Set No. 17 of the ANA slides series which features "Coins With a Special Significance". **Leo A. Young** did the narration as **Dan Redmond** operated the projector. Three new members were welcomed. Librarian **J. M. Hunt** in his library corner had books for inspection and loan. Plans for the coming "Coinival" were outlined. There were 17 exhibitors.

Seventy-five members and guests were present at the June 14 meeting of **EBCC.** Guest speakers were **D. M. Davenport,** assistant cashier of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco, who spoke on "Counterfeiting in the Colonies", and **S. K. Petersen,** head of the cash department of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco, whose subject was "Know Your Money". Some counterfeits were passed out to members for inspection only. There were 16 exhibitors.

The **LIBERTY NUMISMATIC SOCIETY** of San Mateo meets every fourth Thursday at the San Mateo Library. Officers are **Merle E. Crandall,** president; **Ted Showers,** vice-president; **Richard C. Hemenway,** secretary-treasurer and **Bert Carroll,** publicity chairman. Auctions and exhibits are featured.

At the July 31 meeting of the **PACIFIC COAST NUMISMATIC SOCIETY** there were 44 members and guests, and 20 exhibitors. The program theme was "Postage Stamps

Used as Money". Speaker was **Don T. Thrall,** president of the **EAST BAY COIN CLUB,** who displayed many specimens of several phases of this field. Exhibits included almost every phase of numismatics. Librarian **H. F. Bowker** presented a happy surprise in the person of **Dr. Gilbert L. Perez,** outstanding numismatist and technical adviser to the president of the Philippines, who was enroute home from Paris, France, where he had attended and exhibited in behalf of the Philippines government at the Medallic Society's show there. He spoke briefly and exhibited some recent rare acquisitions of counterstamped pieces of the Philippines.

The **PCNS** celebrated its 42nd anniversary with a dinner-meeting at Casten's Oxbow Restaurant and 46 members and guests attended. Featured was a huge birthday cake decorated as a facsimile of a $1 bill, replete with portraits, numbers and seal. It was very real and very good. It was **Mabel Patterson's** (Mrs. President's) idea. The program consisted of a humorous paper read by **John E. Ohls** and a speech by **F. E. Howard,** whose subject was "Hawaii — Its People and Its Coins". Past presidents of the society were introduced, a good number of whom were present.

Meetings of the **PENINSULA COIN CLUB** have been featured by a variety of programs and attendance has been good. A coin exhibit at the main office of the Bank of America for nearly a year has attracted much attention. It has consisted of exhibits by **Allan R. Connors, Ralph A. Mitchell, Roy Hill** and **B. C. Jacobs.** Officers for 1957-1958 are: **William Mackey,** president; **B. C. Jacobs,** vice-president and **Roy Hill,** secretary-treasurer. Programs have featured the following speakers and subjects: **Charles M. Peters,** "India" in April; **Edward Fogler,** "U.S. Mints" in May; **John E. Ohls,** "U.S. Commemoratives" in June. **Roy Hill** conducted a numismatic quiz at the July meeting. August featured an all-member show, "How I Got Started in Coins".

The **PETALUMA COIN COLLECTORS'** meeting of July 8 was conducted by **Don Rhodes,** vice-president, who gave an informal talk on "Coin Collecting Generally". The remainder of the evening was spent in buying, selling and trading coins.

The June 10 meeting of the **PETALUMA COIN COLLECTORS** was presided over by President **Dorothy Lumsden.** After routine business, members exhibited and talked about their coins. It being "Copper Night", one member brought mineral specimens pertaining to copper. Another spoke about the Bingham Copper Mine in Utah.

The **SAN JOSE COIN CLUB** met July 1 with 22 members and guests present. Santa Clara County Fair exhibits were discussed. ANA slides scheduled were delayed in transit, so remainder of the meeting was devoted to a lively auction conducted by **Austen Warburton.**

The June meeting of the **SAN JOSE COIN CLUB** was attended by 28 members and guests. **Roy Hill reported** on his "flying trip" to the Portland convention. The speaker, **Austen Warburton,** gave an informative presentation of "American Indian Trade". **Charles V. Kappen** displayed the world's largest silver coin, a 50-tael sycee piece of China. **Tom Boyce,** junior member, has won a $500 award to help toward his education.

The **VALLEJO NUMISMATIC SOCIETY** met July 26. Thirty-two members and guests attended and took part. The "Coin Quiz" was enjoyed by all and a copy of the 1958 "Redbook" was awarded the winner. A discussion followed the quiz. **Don Rhodes** announced that the VNS is stuck with many convention pictures which the club must pay for unless sold. He appealed to everyone to get at least one. It was decided to change the regular meeting night from the last Friday to the **First Wednesday** of each month. An auction committee was appointed and it was decided to establish a junior bourse at future meetings; also, to minimize the business part of the meeting in favor of more social time.

WINS SCHOLARSHIP

Bill Tivol, PCNS junior vice-president, is recipient of a $250 scholarship award from the American Mathematics Association. Another PCNS junior, John Malucelli, won $250 in a drawing.

Pacific Coast Numismatic Society

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA
(To celebrate its 500th meeting in October 1957)

By MRS. HARRY CUTLER, Secretary

The PCNS was organized June 24, 1915, the first numismatic organization west of the Mississippi River. The Panama Pacific International Exposition, commemorating the completion of the Panama Canal, was held in San Francisco 1915-16. Farran Zerbe, a former president of the American Numismatic Association and a well-known numismatist, since termed "Dean of American Numismatics" because of his tireless work in its behalf, was in charge of coin and medal sales at the Exposition. He also had on exhibit his own already world-famous coin collection, which he later sold to the Chase National Bank in New York. He was one of a group of 28 present at the San Francisco Mint when the first Panama Pacific commemorative $50 gold pieces were struck, and he struck the 19th specimen. I. Leland Steinman struck the 20th and Fred T. Huddart the 26th.

These three men, all members of the ANA, were instrumental in forming the PCNS. Farran Zerbe was its founder, Fred T. Huddart the first president, and I. Leland Steinman the first secretary-treasurer. Ten members signed up at the June meeting. These original members were Farran Zerbe, Fred T. Huddart, Basil Brandon, H. L. Hill, Joseph Barnet, Alfred Twitchell, Rudolph Harmon, A. C. Nygren, A. Reimers and I. L. Steinman. At later meetings others were added. Two charter members, Basil Brandon and H. L. Hill, were still with the Society up to the time of their deaths in 1955 and 1956, and are still carried on the membership roster with Nos. 2 and 3, respectively, Farran Zerbe being No. 1.

The ANA was planning to hold its annual convention in San Francisco, drawn here by the universal appeal of the PPIE, and when it met in August, the newly-formed society was host. The new organization greatly benefited by the presence of these out-of-town numismatists, and did all it could to make their visits happy and successful. The ANA voted to thank PCNS members for their efforts and hospitality.

In 1919 the PCNS adopted its seal from a sketch and ideas presented by Farran Zerbe. It is a beautiful design, octagonal in shape and representing eight western states: California, Oregon, Arizona, Utah, Nevada, Montana, Idaho and Washington.

Since its early beginning, the PCNS has withstood the test of its trials and has made steady growth and progress. Today its membership, in addition to those in the Bay area, includes many numismatists in other parts of California, in several western and midwestern states, and a few members as far away as New York City. In recent years its improvement has been outstanding. Its members have participated in numismatic article contests with marked success and their prize-winning exhibits at conventions are truly an indication of their enthusiasm and interest.

In August 1949, the PCNS was host to the ANA convention for the second time. The ANA met at the Palace Hotel and recorded one of its largest, if not the largest, attendance. Just over 500 persons registered. The PCNS has extended an invitation to the ANA to bring, for the third time, its annual convention to this "air-conditioned" city in 1965, on the occasion of the 50th anniversary of the PCNS, and is anticipating with great pleasure and enthusiasm the ANA's acceptance.

The Society was host to the California State Numismatic Association in April 1954, held at the Bellevue Hotel, and is now anticipating acceptance of an invitation to bring

the spring state convention to San Francisco again in 1959, the first one having been unanimously declared a great success.

Following is a list of all PCNS past-presidents:

Fred T. Huddart.....1915–1919
Farran Zerbe (Founder)....1919–1924
Charles B. Turrill.....1924–1927
Sede Vacante (Vacant).....1927–1929
Basil Brandon 1929
Louis Goodman 1930
Ernest R. Wernstrom..... 1931
Arthur C. Wyman..... 1932
Ernest R. Wernstrom.....1933–1935
Arthur C. Wyman 1936
Charles J. Knabenschuh..... 1937
William Kraft 1938
Ralph A. Mitchell..... 1939
Otto Schulz 1940
Earl A. Parker 1941
Stanley L. Blois 1942
Mark M. Morris 1943
Nathaniel O. Slate..... 1944
John E. Lenker..... 1945
David L. Redfield.....1946–1947
Col. Charles Steele (Ret.).. 1948
Roy Hill 1949
Clifford H. Bloom..... 1950
Jack Hecht 1951–1952
Lesley G. Lodge 1953–1954
John E. Ohls 1955–1956

The PCNS, with its president, Robert C. Patterson, is now planning a very special program, in celebration of the 500th meeting, Oct. 30, 1957, at the usual meeting place, Sheraton-Palace Hotel (the last Wednesday of the month). Refreshments will be served and guests are cordially invited to attend.

—CSNA—

The bit in "two bits" used to refer to a small coin in England. It came to America through English colonists in the West Indies, who called the Spanish **real** (one-eighth of a dollar) by that name. —Catholic Digest.

Secretary's Report

NEW MEMBERS

815 ARMSTRONG, Murray.....8564 S. Broadway, Los Angeles 3, Calif.
813 CARR, Harold William.....11426 Hayford St., Norwalk, Calif.
814 COVINA COIN CLUB.....1039 E. Thelborn, West Covina, Calif.
818 EAST LOS ANGELES COIN CLUB
c/o Carolyn Olson.....6106 Southside Dr., Los Angeles 22, Calif.
820 GRIFFIN, Mrs. Ida Mae.....3724 Weston Pl., Long Beach 7, Calif.
819 JONSSON, Tom.....325 S. Barranca, Covina, Calif.
816 KILLIAN, Albert.....Box 202, Sunset Beach, Calif.
811 OCEANSIDE-CARLSBAD COIN CLUB.....Rt. 2, Box 737, Vista, Calif.
817 OLSON, Carolyn.....6106 Southside Dr., Los Angeles 22, Calif.
812 ZIMMER, Z. I. .....P.O. Box 8134, Albuquerque, N.M.

ADDRESS CHANGES

438 BROWN, Earl C. .....807 W. Lakeside Pl., Chicago 40, Ill.
749 DANFORTH, Peter R. .....1129D 10th, Albany 6, Calif.
654 FOILES, Robert E. .....2944 Gough, Apt. 3, San Francisco 20, Calif.
359 KALE, Kathleen.....1817 Taft Ave., Apt. 1, Hollywood 28, Calif.
33 KISER, Charles D. .....407 Tustin Ave., Newport Beach, Calif.
776 MATTSON, Charles A. .....Santa Fe Station, Colorado Springs, Colo.
455 McBRIDE, Harold W. .....3622 Dalen Pl., Bakersfield, Calif.
101 SOUREK, Joseph F. .....402 E. 45th St., Long Beach 7, Calif.
37 STEELE, Joe G. .....1509 N. Main St., Santa Ana, Calif.
467 WREDE, Henry T. .....543 Humboldt St., Santa Rosa, Calif.

DECEASED

194 HART, Dr. Frederick J. .....915 Murray Ave., San Luis Obispo, Calif.
(Retired Presbyterian minister; died in March 1956)

MEMBERSHIP REPORT

Membership May 31, 1957.....539
New Members 10
Membership July 31, 1957.....549
Paid-up Members, Actual Count.....465
(Actual membership count as per secretary's card file, 531.)

WINN OSBORNE,
Secretary.

Treasurer's Report

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, JUNE 1957

Balance from May 1957		$764.89
Receipts:		
Balance of CSNA account from T. W. Ward.	$ 94.41	
Dues	12.00	
	$106.41	106.41
		$871.30
Disbursements:		
Coast Engraving Co.	$ 18.59	
C. V. Kappen, Editor's Expenses	9.23	
Globe Printing Co.	191.00	
Shucart Stationery & Printing Co.	50.44	
Winn Osborne, Secretary	7.73	
A-bar Printing Co.	4.68	
	$281.67	281.67
Balance June 30, 1957		$589.63

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, JULY 1957

Balance June 30, 1957	$589.63
Receipts: Dues	61.00
	$650.63
Disbursements: Ireland Direct Mail	24.52
Cash on hand July 31, 1957	$626.11

T. KIRK HILL,
Treasurer.

Coin Facts

FAROUK FADES OFF COINS

On new silver coins of Egypt, the sign of the Egyptian revolution, an eagle, on one side, and the amount of the coins and name of the Egyptian republic, on the other, replace coins with the effigy of former King Farouk.

Mrs. Robert H. King of Mount Pleasant, Pa., has a $1 bill with portrait of George Washington on both obverse and reverse. She asserts bank officials who examined it say it has not been altered.

Before **Dixie** came to mean the South, it was a New Orleans $10 bill, with one side printed in English and the other in French. Dix is the French word for **ten,** and **Dixie** is the land where dixies were circulated. —Coronet.

During the gold rush days in Columbia, Calif. in the early 1850's, barbers panned gold from the whiskers they shaved from the miners' faces.
—Scott's Scrapbook,
Vallejo Times Herald.

Q. When was paper money first used?

A. When the dove brought the green back to Noah.
—Hobbies.

Dollar means valley, from the German **thaler,** a popular coin of the 16th century, made in Joachimsthal (the valley of Joachim), Bohemia.
—Coronet.

"Not worth a rap" has nothing to do with a knock from the knuckles. A **rap** was a counterfeit halfpenny coin in 18th century Ireland.
—Coronet.

Southern California's 20 Clubs

Southern California boasts 20 active coin clubs, with regular monthly meetings and growing memberships. A recent count shows that these clubs have in excess of 2000 dues-paying members and about 1000 semi-active members. Each month sees additional members join and increasing attendance at the meetings.

Many clubs have a larger attendance than membership. Long Beach, with 145 members, now has an average monthly attendance of 145 members and guests.

Orange County, with 257, and Los Angeles, with 235, register the largest memberships for clubs in the area.

Many numismatists and collectors have not joined clubs, and their names do not appear on club rosters. It is difficult to determine their number, but conservative estimates have placed them in the thousands.

Today, many ardent numismatists claim the coin capital of the U.S. is in Southern California. Coin dealers report an increasing larger share of their business in the area; and several former Eastern dealers now have their headquarters and periodic auctions in the area.

The memberships, together with the times and places of monthly meetings for the various clubs, are as follows:

Antelope Valley Coin Club, 35; 2nd Monday, Antelope Valley Joint Union High School, Lancaster.

Bay Cities Coin Club, 45; 4th Thursday; Douglas Recreation Hall, Ocean Park Blvd., near 25th St., Santa Monica.

Covina Coin Club, 35; 2nd Tuesday; Recreation Bldg., Covina City Park, Covina.

Douglas Numismatic Society, 72; 2nd Tuesday; Douglas Recreation Club, Gate 5, Carson St. and Cherry Ave., Long Beach.

East Los Angeles Coin Club, 54; 3rd Monday; Knights of Columbus Hall, 5335 E. Beverly Blvd., Los Angeles.

Garden Grove Coin Club, 45; 2nd Thursday; Chamber of Commerce Bldg., 10771 Garden Grove Blvd., Garden Grove.

Long Beach Coin Club, 145; 1st Tuesday; Long Beach Recreation Center, 350 Ocean Blvd. at Elm Way, Long Beach.

Los Angeles Coin Club, 235; 1st Friday; Foresters' Hall, 1329 S. Hope St., Los Angeles.

Monterey Park Coin Club, 65; 2nd Monday; Community Center near Garfield and Garvey, Monterey Park.

Norwalk California Coin Club, 80; last Monday; American Legion Hall, 11986 E. Front St., Norwalk.

Numismatic Assoeiation of Southern California, 300; this group sponsors an annual Southern California convention once each year in Los Angeles.

Oceanside - Carlsbad Coin Club, 49; 1st Friday; Community Bldg., Oceanside.

Orange County Coin Club, 257; 4th Wednesday; Brea Women's Club, 336 S. Pomona Ave., Brea.

Pasadena Coin Club, 50; 1st Wednesday; Eugene Field School, 3600 Sierra Madre Blvd., Pasadena.

San Bernardino County Coin Club, 100; 3rd Thursday; VFW Hall, 631 G St., San Bernardino.

San Diego Numismatic Society, 152; 1st Monday; Vasa Club, 3094 El Cajon Blvd., San Diego.

San Fernando Valley Coin Club, 192; 2nd Tuesday; YMCA, 3rd and Magnolia, 1 blk. E. of San Fernando Rd., Burbank.

San Gabriel Valley Coin Club, 45; 3rd Wednesday; Hotel Green, 50 E. Green St., Pasadena.

Southern Hub Coin Club, 50; 2nd Sunday, 2 p.m.; Hawthorne Woman's Club, 4441 Lennox Ave., Inglewood, Calif.

West Valley Coin Club, 95; 4th Sunday, 2 p.m.; Chatsworth Center, 10332 Santa Susanna Pass Rd., Chatsworth.

—Charles M. Johnson,
Reporter.

CSNA

ANOTHER ANA RECORD

Registration at the American Numismatic Association convention in Philadelphia, Aug. 21-24, totaled 1208. There were 66 bourse dealers, 101 exhibitors, 600 persons present at the banquet and 1055 visitors to the Philadelphia Mint. Nineteen Californians attended the convention.